
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS
AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

NASA-08520 (MARCH 2003) NASA SUPERSEDING NASA-08520 (SEPTEMBER 2002)

SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 08 - DOORS AND WINDOWS

SECTION 08520

ALUMINUM WINDOWS

03/03

PART	1	GENERAL

- 1.1 REFERENCES
- 1.2 SUBMITTALS
- 1.3 DELIVERY, HANDLING, AND STORAGE
- 1.4 FIELD MEASUREMENTS
- 1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
 - 1.5.1 Wind Loading Design Pressure
 - 1.5.2 Tests
- 1.6 DRAWINGS

PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 PROJECTED WINDOWS
 - 2.1.1 Materials
 - 2.1.2 Steel Subframes
 - 2.1.3 Construction
 - 2.1.4 Hardware
 - 2.1.5 Hardware for Multiple-Sash Operation
 - 2.1.6 Glazing Provisions
 - 2.1.7 Weatherstripping
 - 2.1.8 Aluminum Sills
- 2.2 DOUBLE-HUNG WINDOWS
 - 2.2.1 Window Materials
 - 2.2.2 Subframes
 - 2.2.3 Window Construction
 - 2.2.4 Hardware for Double-Hung Windows
 - 2.2.5 Glazing Requirements
 - 2.2.6 Weatherstripping Materials
- 2.3 THERMAL-BARRIER WINDOWS
- 2.4 MULLIONS
- 2.5 SCREENS
- 2.6 SHADE SCREENS
- 2.7 WINDOW CLEANERS' BOLTS
- 2.8 FINISH

PART 3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION
- 3.2 DISSIMILAR MATERIALS
- 3.3 ADJUSTMENT AFTER INSTALLATION
- 3.4 FEELER-GAGE FIELD TEST
- 3.5 CLEANING AFTER INSTALLATION
- -- End of Section Table of Contents --

************************ NASA-08520 (MARCH 2003) NATIONAL AERONAUTICS NASA AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION SUPERSEDING NASA-08520 (SEPTEMBER 2002) ************************ SECTION 08520 ALUMINUM WINDOWS 03/03 **************************** NOTE: Delete, revise, or add to the text in this section to cover project requirements. Notes are for designer information and will not appear in the final project specification. This section covers aluminum projected and double-hung windows, standard and thermal-barrier, installed singly or multiply in combination with mullions. Window assemblies which include insulating panels are specified in Section 08900, "Glazed Curtain Walls." Drawings must indicate the size and type of windows, vents, screens, glass thickness, glazing method, construction details at jambs, heads, and sills, accessory closures, aluminum sills and stools, casings, and accessories. Glass and installation are specified in Section 08810, "Glass." Sealing perimeter joints between windows and other construction is specified in Section 07920, "Sealants and Calkings." ************************ PART 1 GENERAL 1.1 REFERENCES ***************************** NOTE: The following references should not be manually edited except to add new references. References not used in the text will automatically

be deleted from this section of the project

specification.

The publications listed below form a part of this section to the extent referenced:

ALUMINUM ASSOCIATION (AA)

AA 45 (1997) Designation System for Aluminum Finishes

AMERICAN ARCHITECTURAL MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (AAMA)

AAMA 101 (1993) Voluntary Guide Specifications for

Aluminum and Polyvinylchloride (PVC) Prime

Windows and Sliding Glass Doors

AAMA 701 (1992) Voluntary Specification for Pile

Weather Strip

AAMA 902 (1992) Voluntary Specification for Sash

Balances

AAMA WSG.1 (1988) Selection Guide for Architectural

Aluminum Windows

ASME INTERNATIONAL (ASME)

ASME A39.1 (1987; Special Notice August 1987; Addenda

A 1988) Safety Requirements for Window

Cleaning

ASME B29.11M (1984) Combination Chains, Attachments and

Sprocket Teeth

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM A 36/A 36M (2001) Standard Specification for Carbon

Structural Steel

ASTM A 501 (1993) Standard Specification for

Hot-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon-Steel Structural Tubing

ASTM A 570/A 570M (1996) Standard Specification for Steel,

Sheet and Strip, Carbon, Hot-Rolled,

Structural Quality

ASTM B 117 (1995) Operating Salt Spray Apparatus (Fog)

ASTM B 221/B 221M (2000) Standard Specification for Aluminum

and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods,

Wire, Shapes and Tubes

ASTM B 244 (1979; R 1993) Standard Method for

Measurement of Thickness of Anodic Coatings on Aluminum and of Other Nonconductive Coatings on Nonmagnetic Basis Metals with Eddy-Current Instruments

ASTM B 584 (1996) Standard Specification for Copper

Alloy Sand Castings for General

Applications

ASTM C 920 (2001) Standard Specification for

Elastomeric Joint Sealants

ASTM D 1056 (2000) Standard Specification for Flexible

Cellular Materials - Sponge or Expanded

Rubber

ASTM D 1593 (1992) Standard Specification for Nonrigid

Vinyl Chloride Plastic Sheeting

ASTM E 437 (1992) Standard Specification for Cloth

and Screen, Industrial Wire (Square

Opening Series)

BUILDERS HARDWARE MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION (BHMA)

BHMA A156.16 (1989) Auxiliary Hardware

SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS INTERNATIONAL (SAE)

SAE AMS 3110 (1992) Primer, Zinc Chromate

STEEL WINDOW INSTITUTE (SWI)

SWI-01 (1989) The Specifier's Guide to Steel

Windows

THE SOCIETY FOR PROTECTIVE COATINGS (SSPC)

SSPC Paint 101 (1991) Aluminum Alkyd Paint Leafing (Type

I) and Non-Leafing (Type II)

SSPC Paint 12 (1982) Paint Specification No. 12

Cold-Applied Asphalt Mastic (Extra Thick

Film)

1.2 SUBMITTALS

NOTE: Review submittal description (SD) definitions in Section 01330, "Submittal Procedures," and edit the following list to reflect only the submittals required for the project. Submittals should be kept to the minimum required for adequate quality control. Include a columnar list of appropriate products and tests beneath each submittal description.

The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330, "Submittal Procedures," in sufficient detail to show full compliance with the specification:

SD-02 Shop Drawings

Fabrication Drawings for aluminum window units shall be submitted in accordance with paragraph entitled, "Drawings," of this section.

SD-03 Product Data

Manufacturer's catalog data shall be submitted for the following items, including operating hardware, locking assemblies and strikes, pole and sash operators and weatherstripping.

Projected Windows
Double-Hung Windows
Thermal-Barrier Windows
Mullions
Screens
Shade Screens
Window Cleaners' Bolts

SD-04 Samples

The following samples shall be full-sized as used in construction, and may be used in the work when approved, and the location shall be recorded.

Projected Windows
Double-Hung Windows
Thermal-Barrier Windows
Aluminum Sills
Frames
Screens
Shade Screens

1.3 DELIVERY, HANDLING, AND STORAGE

Windows, mullions, accessories, and trim shall be delivered in the manufacturer's unbroken containers and shall be handled carefully at all times to prevent damage.

Windows shall be stored on edge above ground and protected from the weather in accordance with the manufacturer's directions.

1.4 FIELD MEASUREMENTS

Field measurements shall be taken prior to preparation of the drawings and fabrication.

1.5 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

1.5.1 Wind Loading Design Pressure

Window components, including mullions, hardware, and anchors, shall be designed to withstand a wind-loading design pressure of at least [____] pounds per square foot (psf) pascal.

1.5.2 Tests

Windows proposed for use shall be tested in accordance with AAMA 101 for the particular type and quality window specified.

Tests shall be performed by a nationally recognized independent testing laboratory equipped and capable of performing the required tests. Results of the tests shall be submitted as certified laboratory reports required herein.

Minimum design load for a uniform-load structural test shall be 50 psf 2400 pascal.

[Projected windows shall be tested in accordance with the applicable portions of the AAMA WSG.1 for air infiltration, water resistance, uniform-load deflection, and uniform-load structural test.]

[Double-hung windows shall be tested in accordance with the applicable portions of the AAMA WSG.1 for air infiltration, water resistance, uniform-load deflection, and uniform-load structural test.]

1.6 DRAWINGS

Fabrication Drawings for aluminum window units shall be submitted showing complete window assembly including hardware, weatherstripping, and subframe assembly details.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PROJECTED WINDOWS

Windows shall be high-performance classification projected aluminum sash complete with fins, closures, accessories, fittings, and trim, meeting or exceeding AAMA 101 for Type P-A2-HP and the requirements specified.

Windows, mullions, hardware, and anchors shall be designed to withstand the wind loading specified.

Outswinging vents shall have not less than a 6-foot 1800 millimeter clearance above the finished grade.

2.1.1 Materials

Frames, ventilators, mullions, mullion covers, glazing beads, and fittings shall be extruded aluminum shapes fabricated from aluminum conforming to ASTM B 221/B 221M, 6063-T5 alloy, AAMA 101. Aluminum sheet and plate shall

be 5005 alloy, temper as required.

Joint sealing compound shall be a gun grade, nonsag, single-component butyl or acrylic sealant conforming to ASTM C 920.

Weatherstripping shall be [extruded flexible polyvinylchloride, weatherstripping grade, conforming to ASTM D 1593, Type I, with a tensile strength of at least 2,200 pounds per square inch (psi) 15200 kilopascal and a tear strength of not less than 275 pounds per inch 48200 newton per meter] [closed-cell rubber conforming to ASTM D 1056, Type 2, Grade B Grade 1].

2.1.2 Steel Subframes

[Subframe members shall be the size and weight indicated, formed from steel sheets conforming to ASTM A 570/A 570M, steel shapes conforming to ASTM A 36/A 36M, or steel tubing conforming to ASTM A 501. Members shall be coated as specified under "Dissimilar Materials" herein.]

2.1.3 Construction

Windows shall be unequal-leg type, double-contact weathering, with 5/8-inch 16 millimeter anchorage and a combined depth of frame and ventilator of not less than 1-3/4 inches 45 millimeter. Frames shall be not less than 1-1/2 inches 40 millimeter deep, and the ventilator shall be not less than 1-5/8 inches 41 millimeter deep. Minimum web thickness for solid sections shall be 1/8 inch 3 millimeter, and the minimum web thickness for solid-ventilator hardware rails shall be at least 3/16 inch 5 millimeter. Tubular sections shall have a minimum web thickness of 3/32 inch 2.4 millimeter, and flanges shall be not less than 1/8 inch 3 millimeter thick.

Allowance for expansion between component parts shall be provided for window assemblies.

Integral drip holes or weepholes shall be provided for exterior in-sill sections at not more than 2 feet 600 millimeter on center.

Tubular sections shall be used in horizontal meeting rails longer than 48-7/8 inches 1240 millimeter.

Corners of window frame assemblies shall be coped, double mortised-and-tenoned, and riveted, or shall be mitered and welded.

Corners of ventilator frames shall be mitered and welded; mortise and tenon construction is not permitted.

Welds shall be continuous across the web member and up the abutting flanges on the unexposed surface. Welds shall be dressed smooth and flush on exposed and contact surfaces and shall exhibit no discoloration, pitting, or surface defects.

Corner joints shall be accurately fitted, flush, watertight hairline joints not exceeding 1/64 inch 0.4 millimeter in width. Joint-sealing compound shall be applied to the unexposed surface of all mortise and tenon joints.

Ventilators shall be supported on two aluminum side arms at least 3/16 inch 5 millimeter thick by 1 inch 25 millimeter wide fitted with nylon friction shoes. Arms shall be secured to vent and frame with 3/8-inch 10 millimeter corrosion-resistant steel pivot pins with corrosion-resistant steel bushings or 3/8-inch 10 millimeter aluminum pivot pins with nylon bushings. Ventilator movement shall be controlled by friction shoes sliding in the channel guides of the fixed frame. Assembly shall permit removal of the ventilator after installation and shall provide an adjustable stop to permit a maximum opening angle of 55 degrees for project-out vents and 30 degrees for project-in vents. An adjustable tension device shall hold the window open in any position and shall consist of a fixed- or adjustable-tension corrosion-resistant steel helical spring enclosed in an aluminum or corrosion-resistant steel housing and operating through the friction shoe.

Ventilator hardware and balance-arm assembly shall be attached to ventilator and frame members with corrosion-resistant steel screws threaded into serrated corrosion-resistant steel grommet inserts.

2.1.4 Hardware

Operating hardware shall be nickel-silver castings conforming to ASTM B 584, Alloy C97600, or AISI Series 18-8 corrosion-resistant steel. Hardware shall be a modern design, smoothly finished, free of defects, and suitable for the intended purpose.

Cam-action locking handles and strikes shall be provided for projected-out vents; cam-action locks and keepers shall be provided for projected-in vents. Pole-operated projected-in vents shall be equipped with suitable design cam-action locks or spring-catch fasteners.

Strikes and contact surfaces for lock fasteners shall be corrosion-resistant steel, nickel silver, or a similar abrasion-resistant metal.

Projected-type ventilators 42 inches 1070 millimeter and wider and not pole operated shall be furnished with two sets of cam-action locking handles.

Pole operators shall be provided for projected-type ventilators located 6 feet 1800 millimeter or higher above the finished floor. Pole shall be tubular steel, solid wood, or aluminum conforming to BHMA A156.16, and shall include a cast aluminum or bronze pole hanger, for each pole operator. One pole operator of the required length shall be provided for each room requiring pole operation. Poles shall have a clear lacquer, urethane, or baked-enamel finish.

2.1.5 Hardware for Multiple-Sash Operation

Hardware and controls shall be provided for manually operated multiple-sash operation where indicated and shall be complete with brackets, bolts, clips, anchors, and fittings as required for a complete and operable installation.

Hardware fittings and controls for mechanical operators shall conform to SWI-01 and the following:

Shaft brackets shall be steel with adjustable, brass roller bearings. Spacing of shaft brackets shall not exceed 8 feet. 2440 millimeter.

Pipe shafts shall be not less than 1-5/16-inch 33 millimeter outside diameter.

Worm-and-gear assemblies shall be cast iron or steel with machine-cut teeth ball bearing mounted in oil-bath, enclosed housings. Gear housings shall be factory-lubricated and sealed.

Operators, shafts, connecting arms, brackets, and control handles shall receive a factory-applied rust-inhibiting primer coat applied to a dry-film thickness of not less than 2 mils. 0.051 millimeter.

[Operation shall be by means of a hand chain. Chain shall be cadmium-plated alloy steel conforming to ASME B29.11M].

[Operation shall be by vertical shaft and miter gear with a detachable operating handle. Miter-gear box shall be an oil-bath, enclosed housing.]

[Operator shall be a worm-and-gear torsion lever type.]

[Operator shall be a worm-and-gear torsion rack-and-pinion type. Racks shall be die-cut steel bars meshing with a die-cut steel pinion.]

[Operator shall be a screw type assembled in an enclosed housing and containing a threaded phosphor-bronze gear and cast-iron miter gear mounted on antifriction thrust bearings.]

The completed installation shall operate smoothly without binding and with no noticeable difference in the opening angle between windows in the entire length of the run. Windows shall open and close simultaneously with not more than a 1-inch 25 millimeter difference in opening between the first and the last window at the end of the run and with not more than 5 degrees difference in the angle between connecting arms at the maximum window opening.

2.1.6 Glazing Provisions

[Windows shall be designed for inside glazing, using snap-on, screwless, extruded or roll-formed aluminum, or AISI series-300 corrosion-resistant steel beads. Fixed glazing stops and stop beads shall be 3/4 inch 20 millimeter high by 1/16 inch 1.5 millimeter thick. Width of the stop bead shall be as required for the glass thickness.]

[Windows shall be designed for outside glazing using snap-on, screwless, extruded or roll-formed aluminum, or AISI series-300 corrosion-resistant steel beads. Fixed glazing stops and stop beads shall be 3/4 inch 20 millimeter high by 1/16 inch 1.5 millimeter thick. Width of the stop bead shall be as required for the glass thickness.]

[Windows shall be designed for outside glazing, using glazing clips and glazing compound as specified in Section 08810, "Glass."]

2.1.7 Weatherstripping

[Windows shall have double continuous extruded weatherstripping set in integrally formed pockets in the sash.]

[Windows shall have single continuous extruded weatherstripping set in integrally formed pockets in the sash.]

2.1.8 Aluminum Sills

Sills shall be the profiles and dimensions indicated, the same alloy and finish as windows, at least 1/8 inch 3 millimeter thick, and furnished the full width of the window opening.

Sills shall be securely anchored in place with concealed anchors not more than 18 inches 460 millimeter on center.

2.2 DOUBLE-HUNG WINDOWS

Windows shall be the high-performance classification double-hung type meeting or exceeding AAMA 101 for Type DH-A2-HP and the requirements specified, complete with accessories, fittings, and trim.

Windows, mullions, hardware, and anchors shall be designed to withstand the wind loading specified.

2.2.1 Window Materials

Window Frames and sash members, mullions, mullion covers, screen frames, and glazing beads shall be extruded aluminum shapes fabricated from aluminum conforming to ASTM B 221/B 221M, 6063-T5 aluminum alloy.

Joint-sealing compound shall be a gun grade, nonsag, single-component butyl or acrylic sealant conforming to ASTM C 920.

Weatherstripping shall be woven wool pile weatherstripping 0.210 inch 5.3 millimeter thick, conforming to AAMA 701, or polypropylene multifilament fiber weatherstripping installed in an integral weatherstripping groove in the sash or frame, and flexible polyvinylchloride weatherstripping installed in the sill member.

2.2.2 Subframes

Subframe members shall be formed from steel sheets conforming to ASTM A 570/A 570M, Grade 36, steel shapes conforming to ASTM A 36/A 36M, or steel tubing conforming to ASTM A 501.

2.2.3 Window Construction

Frames, sash, and head members shall have a minimum thickness of 0.062 inch. 1.57 millimeter. Sills shall have a minimum thickness of 0.093 inch, 2.36

millimeter, fabricated with an integral stiffening rib, and have weep holes not more than 2 feet 600 millimeter on center.

Horizontal sash members, muntins, and meeting rails shall be fabricated of extruded tubular-aluminum sections. Minimum depth of horizontal sash members and meeting rails shall be 1-1/16 inches. 26.9 millimeter. Sash lift shall be the full width of the window, extruded as an integral part of the sash.

Frames shall have a minimum depth of 3 inches 75 millimeter and shall be provided with integral stiffening ribs, fins, drip at head, and weatherstripping grooves.

Frame and sash members shall be mechanically joined or welded to form rigid flush watertight joints. Joints shall be hairline not exceeding 1/64 inch 0.39 millimeter and shall be sealed with factory-applied joint compound where required to provide a watertight joint.

Expansion between component parts of the window shall be provided to preclude absorption of thermal stresses in each unit.

2.2.4 Hardware for Double-Hung Windows

Locking hardware shall be nickel-silver castings conforming to ASTM B 584, Alloy C97600, or AISI Series 300, 18-8 corrosion-resistant steel, or a combination of the two, furnished in contemporary design, smoothly finished, free of defects, and suitable for the intended purpose.

Sash lifts shall be continuous extrusions, integral with sash frames. Upper sashes shall have matching continuous-extrusion pulls.

Double-hung windows shall be provided with at least one lock and keeper. Windows over 3 feet 900 millimeter wide shall be fitted with two locks and keepers.

Each sash shall operate on two adjustable, replaceable spring or spiral balances meeting the requirements of AAMA 902. Balances shall be enclosed in aluminum cases and shall be adjustable without removal of the sash from the frame and without the use of special tools.

Meeting rails, 6 feet 1800 millimeter or higher above the finished floor, shall be furnished with pulldown sockets and pole-operated sash locks. Poles shall be tubular or solid steel or aluminum conforming to BHMA A156.16, and shall include a cast bronze pole hanger for each pole operator. One pole operator of the required length shall be provided for each room requiring pole operation. Poles shall have a clear lacquer, urethane, or baked-enamel finish.

2.2.5 Glazing Requirements

[Windows shall be designed for field-applied inside glazing, using snap-on, screwless extruded-aluminum beads. Width of the stop bead shall be as required for the glass thickness.]

[Windows shall be designed for field-applied outside glazing, using snap-on, screwless, extruded-aluminum beads. Width of the stop bead shall be as required for glass thickness.]

[Windows shall be designed for field-applied outside glazing, using glazing clips and glazing compound as specified in Section 08810, "Glass."]

2.2.6 Weatherstripping Materials

Double weatherstripping shall be installed in jambs, meeting rails, sills, and heads of all windows.

2.3 THERMAL-BARRIER WINDOWS

Thermal-barrier windows, complete with accessories and fittings, shall be provided where indicated.

Material and construction shall be as specified except as follows:

Aluminum alloy shall be 6063-T6.

Frame construction, including operable sash, shall be factory-assembled and factory-sealed inner and outer aluminum completely separated from metal-to-metal contact. Assembly shall be joined by a continuous, concealed, low conductance divider housed in an interlocking extrusion of the inner frame. Metal fasteners, straps, or anchors shall not bridge the connection between the inner and outer frame.

Operating hardware for each sash shall consist of spring-loaded nylon cushion blocks and pin locks designed to lock in predetermined locations.

Sash shall be completely separated from metal-to-metal contact by means of woven-pile weatherstripping, plastic, or elastomeric separation members.

Operating and storm sash shall be factory-glazed with the type of glass indicated and of the quality specified in Section 08810, "Glass."

2.4 MULLIONS

Mullions shall be provided between multiple-window units where indicated.

Mullions and mullion covers shall be the profile indicated, reinforced as required for the specified wind loading, and securely anchored to the adjoining construction. Mullion extrusion shall include serrations or

pockets to receive weatherstripping, sealant, or tape at the point of contact with each window flange.

Mullion assembly shall include aluminum window clamps or brackets screwed or bolted to the mullion and the mullion cover.

Mullion cover shall be screw-fastened to the mullion unless otherwise indicated.

Mullion reinforcing members shall be steel or aluminum shapes provided by the window manufacturer to meet the specified design loading.

2.5 SCREENS

Removable, rewireable, interchangeable aluminum insect screens shall be provided for window openings as indicated and shall be complete with installation hardware and fasteners.

Frames shall be extruded tubular aluminum, the same alloy and finish coating as specified for windows, at least 1/16 inch 1.5 millimeterweb thickness, at least 7/16 inch 11 millimeter deep by 1-1/2 inches 40 millimeter high. Corners shall be mitered, welded, and dressed smooth and flush. Frames shall include integral extruded grooves to receive and retain screen splines. Splines shall be miter cut and shall provide neat close-fitting joints no wider than 1/32 inch. 0.79 millimeter.

Fabric shall be 18 by 16 mesh by 0.011 inch 1.0 by 1.18 millimeter by 0.28 millimeter diameter, Alclad aluminum alloy wire screen conforming to ASTM E 437. Screens shall be held taut and smooth in frames by removable vinyl splines.

[Projected windows shall receive screens over ventilators where indicated. Horizontal sliding or hinged wicket screens shall be provided where access to operating hardware is required. Wicket screens shall be framed with horizontal and vertical aluminum tubular or solid frame members and shall be equipped with friction catches.]

[Double-hung windows shall receive single vertical sliding screens with integral extruded hand grips, corrosion-resistant steel friction springs, and concealed locking bolts, mounted in integral guides in the window frame.]

[Double-hung windows shall receive double vertical sliding screens with integral extruded hand grips, corrosion-resistant steel friction springs, and concealed locking bolts, mounted in integral guides in the window frame.]

2.6 SHADE SCREENS

Where indicated, hinged removable-louver design shade screens shall be provided, complete with frame rails, braces, fasteners, and accessories as required for a complete installation.

Screens shall be fabricated from enamel-coated bronze woven into louvers

approximately 0.05 inch wide by 0.05 inch 1.2 millimeter wide by 1.2 millimeter thick, color as selected, spaced at 23 louvers per inch 25 millimeter and set at an angle of 17 degrees from the horizontal. Screens shall have an area open to horizontal vision of 49 percent and a free-air flow of 79 percent and shall also function as an insect screen.

Screens shall be framed in reinforced tubular aluminum rails at least 1/16 inch thick by 1/2 inch 1.5 millimeter thick by 13 millimeterwide by the height required for the screen size and shall be braced with a 1/2- by 1-inch 13 by 25 millimeter extruded aluminum shapes. Perimeter of the screen shall be encased in vinyl caps and splines designed to fit the extrusion pockets of rails and braces.

Framed screens shall be full length continuous-hinge mounted in accordance with the shade-screen manufacturer's printed instructions for an insect-tight screen installation.

Frame rails shall be 6063-T5 aluminum alloy and shall receive an AA Architectural Class II natural anodic coating (designation AA-M12 C22 A31) in accordance with AA 45. Anodic coating shall be not less than 0.4 mil 0.01 millimeter in thickness when tested in accordance with ASTM B 244.

2.7 WINDOW CLEANERS' BOLTS

Window cleaners' bolts shall be provided for all windows 7 feet 2100 millimeter or higher above finished grade, except windows located so they may be removed for cleaning or cleaned from the ground or from a lower roof level without the use of an extension ladder. Two bolts shall be provided for each single window unit and each fixed glass unit and shall be located 44 inches 1120 millimeter above the window sill.

Window cleaners' bolts shall be double-head type, AISI Series 300 corrosion-resistant steel, size and design complying with ASME A39.1. Contact side of the bolts shall be ground to fit flat against window jambs. Bolts may be factory- or field-attached before windows are set. Backs of frames to receive bolts shall be reinforced with 1/4- by 6-inch 6 by 150 millimeter corrosion-resistant steel or aluminum plates bolted or welded to the frames at the factory. Special wall anchors shall be provided on frames at the point of bolt attachment.

2.8 FINISH

[Aluminum windows, mullions, glazing beads, trim, and accessory fittings shall be cleaned, and receive an Architectural Class II natural anodic coating (designation AA-M-12C22A31) in accordance with AA 45. Anodic coating shall be not less than 0.4 mil. 0.01 millimeter.]

[Aluminum window, mullions, glazing beadings, trim, and accessory fittings shall be thoroughly cleaned and shall receive an Architectural Class I

natural anodic coating (designation AA-M-12C22A41) in accordance with AA 45. Anodic-coating thickness shall be not less than 0.7 mil. 0.018 millimeter.]

Thickness of the anodic coating shall be tested in accordance with ASTM B 244.

Anodic coating shall be continuous and, without being lacquered, shall be capable of withstanding 500 hours of salt-spray exposure for Class A anodic coatings and 250 hours of salt-spray exposure for Class B anodic coatings when tested in accordance with ASTM B 117.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

Windows shall be set plumb, level to a tolerance of not more than 1/16 inch in 10 feet 1.5 millimeter in 3048 millimeter and in alignment without frame distortion and securely anchored in place as indicated, in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions and the approved drawings.

Fasteners shall be concealed except for specifically indicated mullion covers, window-operating hardware, screen attachment hardware, and similar surface-applied trim.

Ventilators and operating parts shall be protected against cement, lime, plaster, adhesives, and other building material after installation and until completion.

Steel work shall be drilled and tapped for the attaching window units, trim, and accessories. Where window units are set in prepared masonry openings, anchorage items shall be placed during wall construction. Anchors and fasteners shall be welded or bolted securely to the frame and shall be built-in, anchored, or bolted to the building construction with sufficient anchors to hold each window unit firmly in place. Anchors shall be not more than 18 inches 460 millimeter on center at heads, jambs, and sills.

Fasteners, clips, fittings, aluminum trim, closures, and shapes shall be provided as indicated and as required to provide a complete installation.

Joints shall be sealed between sash units, aluminum sills, mullions, and covers and similar metal-to-metal contact surfaces with sealant or tape as recommended and furnished by the window manufacturer. Installations shall be weathertight.

Joint sealing and calking between metal and masonry is specified in Section 07920, "Sealants and Calkings."

3.2 DISSIMILAR MATERIALS

Aluminum shall be kept from direct contact with steel or other dissimilar materials by painting, nonabsorptive tape, gasket, or other approved system as recommended by the manufacturer and as specified.

Aluminum surfaces in contact with steel shall be given one coat of zinc-chromate primer conforming to SAE AMS 3110, applied to a dry-film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils, 0.038 millimeter, or one coat of a suitable nonhardening joint compound capable of excluding moisture from the joint during prolonged service.

Steel surfaces in contact with aluminum shall be given one coat of zinc-chromate paint conforming to SAE AMS 3110, applied to a dry-coat thickness of 1.5 mils, 0.038 millimeter, and two or more coats of aluminum paint conforming to SSPC Paint 101, aluminum alkyd, Type II, applied to a dry-film thickness of 1.5 mils 0.038 millimeter for each coat and a total dry-film thickness of 3.0 mils. 0.076 millimeter.

Corrosion-resistant, aluminized, or hot-dip galvanized steel placed in contact with aluminum need not be painted.

Aluminum surfaces placed in contact with wood, concrete, or masonry construction shall be given one coat of bituminous paint conforming to SSPC Paint 12, applied to a thickness of at least 1/16 inch. 1.5 millimeter.

3.3 ADJUSTMENT AFTER INSTALLATION

After the sash is erected and glazed, ventilators shall be lubricated and adjusted for smooth weathertight operation. Guides shall be waxed or lubricated and balances shall be adjusted for the proper tension.

Weatherstripping shall make weathertight contact around the entire weatherstripped area when ventilators are closed and locked. Weatherstripping shall not cause the sash to bind or prevent closing and locking the ventilator.

3.4 FEELER-GAGE FIELD TEST

Windows shall be tested after installation, glazing, and adjustment for metal-to-metal contact between ventilators and frames by feeler-gage tests in accordance with SWI-01.

Windows failing to meet the requirements of the feeler-gage tests shall be corrected as required to meet the tests. Such windows shall be retested and, if they fail the tests again, shall be removed and replaced.

3.5 CLEANING AFTER INSTALLATION

Interior and exterior metal surfaces of windows shall be cleaned of mortar, plaster, paint spattering or spots, and other foreign matter, and washed with soap and water, brushed with a fiber brush, and thoroughly rinsed with clear water. Acid solutions, steel wool, or other harsh abrasives shall not be used.

Stained or discolored windows shall be cleaned in accordance with the window manufacturer's recommendations. Windows that cannot be satisfactorily cleaned and windows with abraded, stained, or defective surface finish that cannot be satisfactorily repaired shall be replaced.

-- End of Section --